Dryside Cleaner

## SECTION 1: Product Identification

Product name : Dryside Cleaner<br>Chemical family: Dry cleaning solvent<br>Common or Trade name : Dry solvent<br>Manufacturer : Chem Max Corp<br>Address : 6479 Norton Center Drive<br>Norton Shores MI 49441<br>Phone: 800-858-7237

## SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

GHS Classification :
Flammable liquid: Category 3
Aspiration toxicant: Category 1
GHS label
elements, including precautionary statements
Pictograms:


Signal word :
Danger
Hazard statement (s)
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Precautionary statement ( $s$ )
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces-NO SMOKING.
P233 Keep container closed tightly.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/mist/vapors/spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
P301 + P310 If swallowed: immediately call a Poison Center or doctor/physician
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if possible.
Continue rinsing.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advise/attention.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.

## SECTION 3 : Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Name: | CAS\# |
| :--- | :---: |
| C9-12-ISO-Alkanes | $90633-57-4$ |
| Citrus terpenes | $5989-27-5$ |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy $64742-48-9$ |  |
| N-Butyl acetate | $123-86-4$ |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether | $107-98-2$ |
| I-Butoxy-propanol | $5131-66-8$ |
| Nonylphenol ethoxylate | $127087-87-0$ |

Weight \%
50\%-80\%
5\%-15\%
1\%-10\%
1\%-10\%
1\%-10\%
1\%-10\%
1\%-10\%

* The exact percentage of weight of mixture has been withheld as a trade secret. As per paragraph(1) of 27 CFR 1910, 1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity I and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph(1).


## SECTION 4 : First Aid Measures

Eye contact : flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs, seek medical attention.
Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and wash with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
Inhalation : If inhaled, move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Seek medical attention if symptoms appear.
Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: If ingested, material my be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

## SECTION 5 : Firefighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2).
Inappropriate extinguishing media : Straight streams of water.
Hazardous combustion products : Oxides of carbon, sulfur and sodium, smoke, fume, traces of HF (hydrogen fluorine) and CFO2 (carbonofluoridate).
Firefighting procedures : As an any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA /NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear.
Unusual fire and explosion hazards : Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and or fire. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are flammable and heavier than air. Vapors may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger

## SECTION 5 : Firefighting Measures (continued)

Flammability properties : Flash point $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $113{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) Method ASTM D-56 auto ignition temperature $345^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $653^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) Method ASTM E659.

## SECTION 6 : Accidental Release and Disposal Measures

Spills : Provide adequate ventilation. Suitable protective clothing should be worn. Shut off or plug source of spill.
Small spills : Absorb with inert media and collect into suitable container.
Large spills : Dike spill area to contain spillage. Salvage as much reusable liquid as possible into a suitable container. Mop up residual and placed in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## SECTION 7 : Storage and Handling

Handling : Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Keep container closed and tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Storage : Keep container tightly sealed in a dry and well ventilated place. Containers once opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright prevent leakage.

## SECTION 8 : Exposure Control/Personal Protection

Engineering controls : Provide ventilation and/or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mist below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated below. The level of protection and types of controls will vary depending on potential exposure conditions.
Exposure limits : OSHA : TWA $400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ limit .100 PPM.
Personal protective equipment (PPE):

Eyes : Wear appropriate protective glasses or chemical safety goggles as directed by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133
Skin : If prolonged or repeated skin contact is likely, wear appropriate protective gloves.
Clothing : Selection of protective clothing depends on work conditions, potential exposure conditions and may include gloves, boots, suits and other protective items.
Respirators : Where adequate ventilation is not available, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard 29 CFR 1920.134. In confined areas, use a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Specific hygiene measures: always observe good personal hygiene, such as washing after handling and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Practice good housekeeping.

## SECTION 9 : Physical and Chemical Properties

| Appearance: | clear to straw colored. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Physical state: | liquid |
| Odor: | citrus |

## SECTION 9 : Physical and Chemical Properties (continued)

| Odor threshold : not | not determined |
| :---: | :---: |
| Relative density (water = 1.0) : | $: \quad .82$ (At 15.6º${ }^{\circ}$ ) Calculated |
| Solubility in water : N | Negligible |
| PH: N/A | N/A |
| Initial boiling point/range : | 166 ${ }^{\circ}\left(331^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)-176^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $349{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) ASTM |
| Melting/freezing point : | not determined |
| Vapor pressure : Ap | Approximately $1.075 \mathrm{kPa}(0.56 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg})$ at29 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Vapor density (air = 1.0) : | Heavier than air. |
| Evaporation rate (n-butyl acetate $=1$ | ate =1): Approximately 0.18 |
| \% Volatiles : not | not determined |
| Partition coefficient (N-Octanol/wat | //water): not determined |
| Viscosity : App | Approximately $1.8 \mathrm{cSt}(1.8 \mathrm{~mm} 2 / \mathrm{sec})$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Flashpoint: 45 | 45으 (113의) |
| Flashpoint method : | ASTM D-56 |
| Autoignition temperature : | 345으 (653ºํ) ASTM E659 |
| Upper flame limit (volume \% in air) | n air) : 6.0 |
| Lower flame limit (volume \% in air) | n air) : 0.7 |
| Decomposition temperature : | not determined |
| Flammability (solid, gas) : | not determined |

## SECTION 10 : Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: not normally reactive
Possibility of hazardous reactions : hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Incompatible materials : strong oxidizers
Chemical stability : normally stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid : heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources.
Hazardous decomposition products : none known

## SECTION 11 : Toxicological Information

## Hazard Class <br> Conclusion/Remarks

## Inhalation

Acute Toxicity: (Rat) 8 hour(s) LC50 > 5000 Minimally toxic. Based on test data for structurally
$\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ (Vapor). similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD
Irritation: No end point data for material. guideline 403.
Ingestion
Acute Toxicity (Rat) LD50 > 5000 mg/kg. Minimally toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 401.
Skin
Acute Toxicity (Rabbit) LD50 $>5000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$. Minimally toxic. Based on test data for structurally
similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 402
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Data available. Mildly irritation to skin with prolonged exposure. Based
SECTION 11 : Toxicological Information (continued)
on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 404.
Eye
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Data available. May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 405.
Sensitization
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
for material.
Skin Sensitization: Data available. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 406.
Aspiration
Data available
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Data available.
Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guidelines 471473474
476478479.

Carcinogenicity
Data available Not expected to cause cancer. Based on test data for

Carcinogenicity (CONTINUED). Structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 453.
Reproductive Toxicity
Data available
Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD guideline 413414415.
Lactation
No end point data for material. Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)
Single Exposure: no end point data for
Not expected to cause organ damage from a single material. exposure.
Repeated Exposure: data available.
Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged
exposure. Based on test data for structurally similar
materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD
guidelines 408413422 .

## SECTION 11 : Toxicological Information (continued)

## Other Information

For the product itself:
Vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommend exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects including death.
Prolonged and/or skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin, resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis.

Small amount of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None

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\(1=\) NTP CARC.
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$2=$ NTP SUS
REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED

## SECTION 12 : Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity :
Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability : This product is readily biodegradable.
Bio accumulative potential: Not expected to be significant.
Mobility in soil : Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

Other adverse affects: No data available

## SECTION 13 : Disposal Considerations

RCRA
Disposal recommendations:
Suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner or by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

Other disposal considerations:
Ignitability
Empty container warning:
Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, grind, drill, or expose to heat, flame, spark, static electricity or other sources of ignition as they may explode and cause injury or death.

Dispose of in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations.

## SECTION 14 : Transport Information

DOT : Not DOT regulated for domestic ground transportation.
Proper shipping name: Petroleum distillates, N.O.S.
Hazard class \& division: Combustible liquid
ID number: 1268
Packing group: 111
ERG number: 128
Labels: None
Transport document name: UN1268, Petroleum distillates, N.O.S., Combustible liquid, PG 111
*footnote: The flash point of this material is greater than 100ㅇ․ Regulatory classification of this material varies. DOT: Flammable liquid or combustible liquid. OSHA: Combustible liquid. IATO/IMO: Flammable liquid. This material is not regulated under 49 CFR in a container of 119 gallon capacity or less when transported solely by land, as long as the material is not a hazardous waste, a marine pollutant or specifically listed as a hazardous substance.
Air (IATA) proper shipping name: Petroleum distillates, N.O.S. Hazard class \& division: 3
UN number: 1268
Packing group: 111
Land (TDG) proper shipping name: Petroleum distillates, N.O.S. Hazard class \& division: 3
UN number: 1268
Packaging group: 111
Sea (IMDG) proper shipping name: Petroleum distillates, N.O.S. Hazard class \& division: 3

## SECTION 15 : Regulatory Information

## International inventories

| TSCA: | complies |
| :--- | :---: |
| DSL/NDSL: $\quad$ complies |  |
| EINECS/ELINCS | complies |
| ENCS: | complies |
| IECSC: | complies |
| KECL: | complies |
| PICCS : | complies |
| AICS : | complies |
| CWA/OPA: | This product is classified as an oil under section 311 of the Clean Water Act (40 |

CFR 110) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. Discharge or spills which produce a
either surface water, or in water-ways/sewers witch lead to surface
National Response Center at 800-424-8802.
visible sheen on water, must be reported to the

## SECTION 15 : Regulatory Information (continued)

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910,1200.
Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AICS, DSL, EINCS, IECSC,
KECI, PICGS, and TSCA.
EPCRA Section 302: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.

CERCLA: This material is not subject of any special reporting under the requirements of the comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensations and Liability Act
(CERCLA). Contact local authorities to determine if other reporting requirements apply.

SARA: Section 313 title III. of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal

Regulations Part 372.
California Prop 65: This material does not contain any ingredients subject to Prop 65.

## Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8 (b) inventory.
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List.
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical aSubstances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances.
IECSC -China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances.
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.

## Section 16 : Other Information

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End of Safety Data Sheet

